

MSCI ESG Universal Indexes Methodology

January 2024



Contents	1 Introduction	3
	2 Index Construction Methodology	4
	2.1 Applicable Universe	4
	2.2 Eligible Universe	4
	2.3 Determination of Combined ESG Score	4
	2.4 Weighting Scheme	6
	2.5 Treatment of Unrated Companies	-
	3 Maintaining the MSCI ESG Universal Indexes	8
	3.1 Semi-Annual Index Reviews	8
	3.2 Quarterly Index Reviews	8
	3.3 Ongoing Event Related Changes	8
	4 MSCI ESG Research	11
	4.1 MSCI ESG Ratings	11
	4.2 MSCI ESG Controversies	11
	4.3 MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research	11
	Appendix I: Companies Involved in Controversial Weapons	
	Business	12
	Appendix II: MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes	14
	Appendix III: Methodology Set	16
	Appendix IV: Changes to this Document	18



1 Introduction

The MSCI ESG Universal Indexes (the 'Indexes') aim to represent the performance of an investment strategy that by re-weighting free-float market cap weights based upon certain ESG metrics seeks to increase exposure to those companies demonstrating both a robust ESG profile as well as a positive trend in improving that profile, while seeking to minimize exclusions from the parent index.

Institutional investors are increasingly looking for ways to integrate ESG into their investment decision-making process. By doing so, they mainly aim to mitigate long-term risks, generate higher risk-adjusted performance and/or align investments with the broader societal objectives. Historically, ESG integration index strategies have relied on an exclusionary approach whereby poor ESG performers would be screened out from an investment opportunity set. However, such approaches may be challenging for large asset owners to reconcile with their 'universal owner' position.

The Indexes are constructed in following steps. First, we exclude the stocks with the weakest ESG profile from an MSCI Index (the 'Parent Index'). Second, we define an ESG re-weighting factor that reflects an assessment of both the current ESG profile (based on the current MSCI ESG Rating – see section 2.3.1) as well as the trend in that profile (based on the MSCI ESG Rating Trend – see section 2.3.2). Finally, we reweight securities from the free-float market cap weights of the Parent Index using this combined ESG score to construct the Index¹.

MSCI.COM | Page 3 of 21

¹ The Indexes are governed by a set of methodology and policy documents ("Methodology Set"), including the present index methodology document. Please refer to Appendix III for more details.



2 Index Construction Methodology

The Indexes use company ratings and research provided by MSCI ESG Research² for the Index construction.

2.1 Applicable Universe

The Applicable Universe includes all the existing constituents of the Parent Index. This approach aims to provide an opportunity set with sufficient liquidity and capacity.

2.2 Eligible Universe

The Eligible Universe is constructed by excluding securities based on the following criteria:

2.2.1 Companies Involved in Red Flag ESG Controversies

Companies assessed as having involvement in ESG controversies that are classified as Red Flags (MSCI ESG Controversy Score of 0). A Red Flag indicates an ongoing Very Severe ESG controversy implicating a company directly through its actions, products, or operations.

2.2.2 Companies Involved in Controversial Weapons Businesses

Companies involved in Controversial Weapons (i.e. cluster munitions, landmines, depleted uranium weapons, biological/chemical weapons, blinding lasers, non-detectable fragments and incendiary weapons), as defined by the methodology of the MSCI Ex-Controversial Weapons Indexes. For more details on the controversial weapons exclusion, please refer to Appendix I.

2.3 Determination of Combined ESG Score

Each company in the eligible universe is assigned a Combined ESG score, which is calculated by taking into account a company's MSCI ESG Rating and its MSCI ESG Rating Trend.

² See section 4 for further information regarding ESG and climate data used in the Indexes that MSCI Limited sources from MSCI ESG Research LLC, a separate subsidiary of MSCI Inc. MSCI ESG Research is solely responsible for the creation, determination and management of such data. MSCI Limited is the benchmark administrator for the MSCI indexes.



2.3.1 ESG Rating Score

Using the MSCI ESG Rating, we group companies so as to assign an ESG Rating score to each company in the Eligible Universe as illustrated in the table below

Rating Group	ESG Rating	ESG Category	ESG Rating Score
1	AAA	Leaders	2
2	AA	Leaders	2
3	Α		1
4	BBB	Neutral	1
5	BB		1
6	В	Laggards	0.5
7	CCC	0.5	0.5

2.3.2 ESG Rating Trend Score

MSCI ESG Rating Trend shows the ESG rating change from prior to current: it is expressed as the number of levels between the current rating and the previous rating. The rating trend is positive for a ratings upgrade (for example, the company's ESG rating changed from BBB to AAA), negative for ratings downgrade (for example company's ESG rating changed from AA to A) and zero for no change in the rating.

An 'ESG Rating Trend Score' is assigned to each company based on its ESG Rating Trend as per the following table

Trend group	ESG Rating Trend*	ESG Rating Trend Score
1	Upgrade	1.25
2	Neutral	1
3	Downgrade	0.75

* ESG Rating Trend

 Upgrade – Company's latest ESG Rating has increased by at least one level compared to previous assessment.



- Neutral Company's latest ESG Rating has stayed the same as its ESG Rating from previous assessment or MSCI ESG Research has initiated coverage on the company.
- Downgrade Company's latest ESG Rating has decreased by at least one level compared to its previous assessment.

2.3.3 Combined ESG Score

The Combined ESG Score is calculated for each company as follows:

Combined ESG Score = ESG Rating Score * ESG Trend Score.

2.3.4 Combined ESG Score Capping

In order to reduce reverse turnover in the Index, the Combined ESG Score of a security is capped between the ESG Rating Scores corresponding to MSCI ESG Rating of 'AAA' (best rating) and 'CCC' (worst rating).

For example – If in year 1 a company is upgraded to AAA from BBB, then the weight of the company in the Index will increase in year 1. However, if the company maintains its rating at AAA in year 2 then since the rating cannot improve beyond AAA, the index would otherwise need to decrease the weight of that company (as the company's un-capped Combined ESG Score in year 2 will be less than the Combined ESG Score in year 1).

Similarly, in year 2, the Index would otherwise need to increase the weight of a company in year 2 which was downgraded to CCC rating (the worst possible rating) in year 1 and then maintained its rating at CCC in year 2.

2.4 Weighting Scheme

At each rebalancing, all the securities from the Eligible Universe are weighted by the product of their market capitalization weight in the Parent Index and the Combined ESG Score.

Security Weight = Combined ESG Score * Market Capitalization Weight in the Parent Index

The above weights are then normalized to 100%.

Additionally, constituent weights are capped at the issuer level to mitigate concentration risk:

- 1. Issuers in the Indexes based on broad Parent Indexes (e.g. MSCI World Index) will be capped at 5%
- 2. Issuers in the Indexes based on narrow Parent Indexes will be capped at the maximum weight in the Parent Index.



Narrow Parent Indexes are defined as those Indexes for which the maximum market capitalization weight in the Parent Index is more than 10%.

Note that the capping of the issuer weight is done for the pro forma index as of the effective date, based on the closing prices as of the index review announcement date. In cases where the issuer weight breaches the cap as a result of market price movements or corporate events between the announcement date and the effective date, the capping is not applied again. Similarly, even if any issuer weight breaches the cap as a result of market price movements or corporate events between two Semi-Annual Index Reviews, no capping is applied.

2.5 Treatment of Unrated Companies

Companies not assessed by MSCI ESG Research on data for any of the following MSCI ESG Research products are not eligible for inclusion in the Indexes.

- MSCI ESG Ratings
- MSCI ESG Controversies



3 Maintaining the MSCI ESG Universal Indexes

3.1 Semi-Annual Index Reviews

The Indexes are rebalanced on a semi-annual basis, as of the close of the last business day of May and November, coinciding with the May and November Index Reviews of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes. The pro forma Indexes are in general announced nine business days before the effective date.

In general, MSCI uses MSCI ESG Research data³ (including MSCI ESG Ratings, MSCI ESG Controversies and MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research) as of the end of the month preceding the Index Reviews for the rebalancing of MSCI ESG Universal indexes. For some securities, such data may not be published by MSCI ESG Research by the end of the month preceding the Index Review. For such securities, MSCI will use ESG data published after the end of month, when available, for the rebalancing of MSCI ESG Universal Indexes. This approach aims to capture timely updates to ESG Ratings of the constituents and coincides with the rebalancing of the relevant MSCI Parent Indexes.

3.2 Quarterly Index Reviews

The indexes are reviewed on a quarterly basis to coincide with the regular Index Reviews of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes, as of the close of the last business day of February and August. At quarterly reviews, the indexes are not reconstituted, but existing constituents will be deleted from the Indexes if they are involved in controversial weapons or have received a red flag based on MSCI ESG Research Controversies research. The ESG Controversy Score and controversial weapon are used as of January and July for the February and August Quarterly Index Reviews, respectively. For some securities, this data may not be published by MSCI ESG Research by the end of the month preceding the Index Review. For such securities, MSCI will use ESG data published after the end of month, when available, for the rebalancing of MSCI ESG Universal Indexes.

3.3 Ongoing Event Related Changes

The general treatment of corporate events in the MSCI ESG Universal Indexes aims to minimize turnover outside of Index Reviews. The methodology aims to appropriately represent an investor's participation in an event based on relevant deal terms and pre-event weighting of the Index constituents that are involved. Further, changes in Index market capitalization that occur as a result of corporate event

³ See section 4 for details of data sourced from MSCI ESG Research used in the Indexes.



implementation will be offset by a corresponding change in the Variable Weighting Factor (VWF) of the constituent.

Additionally, if the frequency of Index Reviews in the Parent Index is greater than the frequency of Index Reviews in the MSCI ESG Universal Index, the changes made to the Parent Index during intermediate Index Reviews will be neutralized in the MSCI ESG Universal Index.

The following section briefly describes the treatment of common corporate events within the MSCI ESG Universal Indexes.

No new securities will be added (except where noted below) to the Index between Index Reviews. Parent Index deletions will be reflected simultaneously.

EVENT TYPE	EVENT DETAILS
------------	---------------

New additions to the Parent IndexNew securities added to the Parent

Index (such as IPOs, other early inclusions and migrations from a different size-segment) will not be added to the Index at the time of event implementation. Such securities will be considered for addition in the Index

at the subsequent Index Review.

Spin-Offs All securities created as a result of the

spin-off of an existing Index

constituent will be added to the Index at the time of event implementation. Reevaluation for continued inclusion in the Index will occur at the

subsequent Index Review.

Merger/Acquisition For Mergers and Acquisitions, the

acquirer's post event weight will account for the proportionate amount

of shares involved in deal

consideration, while cash proceeds will be invested across the Index.

If an existing Index constituent is acquired by a non-Index constituent, the existing constituent will be deleted from the Index and the acquiring non-constituent will not be added to the

Index.



Changes in Security Characteristics

A security will continue to be an Index constituent if there are changes in characteristics (country, sector, size segment, etc.). Reevaluation for continued inclusion in the Index will occur at the subsequent Index Review.

Further detail and illustration regarding specific treatment of corporate events relevant to this Index can be found in the MSCI Corporate Events Methodology book under the sections detailing the treatment of events in Capped Weighted and Non-Market Capitalization Weighted Indexes.

The MSCI Corporate Events methodology book is available at:

https://www.msci.com/index-methodology.



4 MSCI ESG Research

The Indexes are products of MSCI Inc. that utilize information such as company ratings and research produced and provided by MSCI ESG Research LLC (MSCI ESG Research), a subsidiary of MSCI Inc. In particular, the Indexes use the following MSCI ESG Research products: MSCI ESG Ratings, MSCI ESG Controversies and MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research. MSCI Indexes are administered by MSCI Limited.

4.1 MSCI ESG Ratings

MSCI ESG Ratings aim to measure entities' management of environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities. MSCI ESG Ratings use a weighted average key issue calculation that is normalized by industry to arrive at an industry-adjusted ESG score (0-10), which is then translated to a seven-point scale from 'AAA' to 'CCC', indicating how an entity manages relevant key issues relative to industry peers.

The MSCI ESG Ratings methodology can be found at: https://www.msci.com/esg-and-climate-methodologies.

4.2 MSCI ESG Controversies

MSCI ESG Controversies provide assessments of controversies concerning the potential negative environmental, social, and/or governance impact of company operations, products and services. The evaluation framework used in MSCI ESG Controversies is designed to be consistent with international norms represented by the UN Declaration of Human Rights, the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, and the UN Global Compact. MSCI ESG Controversies Score falls on a 0-10 scale, with "0" being the most severe controversy.

The MSCI ESG Controversies methodology can be found at: https://www.msci.com/esg-and-climate-methodologies.

4.3 MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research

MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research (BISR) aims to enable institutional investors to manage environmental, social and governance (ESG) standards and restrictions reliably and efficiently.

For more details on MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research, please refer to http://www.msci.com/resources/factsheets/MSCI_ESG_BISR.pdf.



Appendix I: Companies Involved in Controversial Weapons Business

Companies which meet the following Controversial Weapons criteria are excluded from the Index

Cluster Bombs

MSCI ESG Research's cluster bomb research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of cluster bombs and munitions, or the essential components of these products.

Landmines

MSCI ESG Research's landmines research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of anti - personnel landmines, anti - vehicle landmines, or the essential components of these products.

Depleted Uranium Weapons

MSCI ESG Research's depleted uranium weapons research identifies public companies involved in the production of depleted uranium weapons and armor.

Chemical and Biological Weapons

MSCI ESG Research's chemical and biological weapons research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of chemical and biological weapons, or the essential components of these products.

Blinding Laser Weapons

MSCI ESG Research's blinding laser weapons research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of weapons utilizing laser technology to cause permanent blindness.

Non-Detectable Fragments

MSCI ESG Research's non-detectable fragments research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of weapons that use non-detectable fragments to inflict injury.

Incendiary Weapons (White Phosphorus)

MSCI ESG Research's incendiary weapons research identifies companies that are involved in the production of weapons using white phosphorus.



Involvement criteria:

- Producers of the weapons
- Producers of key components of the weapons (only applies to cluster bombs, landmines, depleted uranium weapons as well as chemical and biological weapons)
- Ownership of 20% or more of a weapons or components producer
 The minimum limit is raised to 50% for financial companies having an ownership in a company that manufactures controversial weapons or key components of controversial weapons
- Owned 50% or more by a company involved in weapons or components production

Revenue limits:

Any identifiable revenues, i.e., zero tolerance.

For details, please refer to MSCI Global ex Controversial Weapons Indexes Methodology at https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/XCW.



Appendix II: MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes

The MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes follow the same index methodology as the Indexes except that companies involved in Thermal Coal business are excluded⁴.

The MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes are currently available in the following two variants:

- MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes which use 30% revenue thresholds, as described below
- MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal 5% Indexes which use 5% revenue thresholds, as described below

Companies which meet the following Thermal Coal criteria are excluded from the MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes:

- All companies deriving 30% or more revenue (either reported or estimated)
 from the mining of thermal coal (including lignite, bituminous, anthracite and
 steam coal) and its sale to external parties. It excludes: revenue from
 metallurgical coal; coal mined for internal power generation (e.g. in the case
 of vertically integrated power producers); intra-company sales of mined
 thermal coal; and revenue from coal trading
- All companies deriving 30% or more revenue (either reported or estimated)
 from the thermal coal based power generation

Companies which meet the following Thermal Coal criteria are excluded from the MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal 5% Indexes:

All companies deriving 5% or more revenue (either reported or estimated) from the mining of thermal coal (including lignite, bituminous, anthracite and steam coal) and its sale to external parties. It excludes: revenue from metallurgical coal; coal mined for internal power generation (e.g. in the case of vertically integrated power producers); intra-company sales of mined thermal coal; and revenue from coal trading

⁴ The Thermal Coal screen is applied in the MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes starting June 1, 2017. Prior to June 1, 2017, the indexes were calculated using the same methodology as the MSCI ESG Universal Indexes.



All companies deriving 5% or more revenue (either reported or estimated)
 from the thermal coal based power generation

Existing constituents will be deleted from the MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes if they are involved in thermal coal during both the Semi-Annual Index Reviews and the Quarterly Index Reviews.



Appendix III: Methodology Set

The Indexes are governed by a set of methodology and policy documents ("Methodology Set"), including the present index methodology document as mentioned below:

- Description of methodology set https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/ReadMe
- MSCI Corporate Events Methodology https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/CE
- MSCI Fundamental Data Methodology https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/FundData
- MSCI Index Calculation Methodology https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/IndexCalc
- MSCI Index Glossary of Terms https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/IndexGlossary
- MSCI Index Policies –
 https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/IndexPolicy
- MSCI Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) Methodology https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/GICS
- MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes Methodology https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/GIMI
- MSCI Global ex Controversial Weapons Indexes Methodology https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/XCW
- MSCI ESG Universal Indexes Methodology https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/ESGUniversal
- ESG Factors In Methodology*

The Methodology Set for the Indexes can also be accessed from MSCI's webpage https://www.msci.com/index-methodology in the section 'Search Methodology by Index Name or Index Code'.



* 'ESG Factors in Methodology' contains the list of environmental, social, and governance factors considered, and how they are applied in the methodology (e.g., selection, weighting or exclusion). It can be accessed in the Methodology Set as described above.



Appendix IV: Changes to this Document

The following sections have been modified as of May 2017:

Section 4: Maintaining the MSCI ESG Universal Indexes

 Clarification on use of ESG data for securities whose data were published later than at the end of the month preceding Index Review.

The following sections have been modified as of June 2017:

 The details on the Corporate Events treatment are now included in Section 4.3.

The following sections have been modified as of May 2018:

Appendix I: Companies Involved in Controversial Weapons Business

 Updated to reflect the addition of new screens for blinding lasers, non-detectable fragments and incendiary weapons (while phosphorus)

The following sections have been modified as of August 2018:

Appendix II: MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes

New Appendix

The following sections have been modified as of December 2019:

Appendix II: MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal Indexes

 Addition of the methodology for the MSCI ESG Universal ex Thermal Coal 5% Indexes



The following sections have been modified as of May 2023:

 Updated to reflect the transition of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes (GIMI) to Quarterly Comprehensive Index Reviews (all references to "Semi-Annual Index Reviews" and "Quarterly Index Reviews" of the MSCI GIMI were replaced with "Index Reviews".)

Section 2.2.2: Companies Involved in Red Flag ESG Controversies

 Clarified the exclusion criteria for companies involved in ESG Controversies

Section 4: MSCI ESG Research

- Moved that section after the Section 3 (Maintaining the MSCI ESG Universal Indexes)
- Updated the descriptions of MSCI ESG Research products

The following sections have been modified as of September 2023:

Section 3.3: Ongoing Event Related Changes

• Clarified the treatment of corporate events within the Indexes

The following sections have been modified as of January 2024:

Section 2.5: Treatment of Unrated Companies

 New section replaced section 2.2.1 to detail the treatment of companies with ratings and research not available from MSCI ESG Research

Appendix III: Methodology Set

Added details on the Methodology Set for the Indexes.



Contact us

msci.com/contact-us

AMERICAS

United States + 1 888 588 4567 *
Canada + 1 416 687 6270
Brazil + 55 11 4040 7830
Mexico + 52 81 1253 4020

EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA

South Africa + 27 21 673 0103 Germany + 49 69 133 859 00 Switzerland + 41 22 817 9777 United Kingdom + 44 20 7618 2222 Italy + 39 02 5849 0415 France + 33 17 6769 810

ASIA PACIFIC

China +86 21 61326611 Hong Kong +852 2844 9333 India + 91 22 6784 9160 Malaysia 1800818185 * South Korea + 82 70 4769 4231 Singapore + 65 67011177 Australia +612 9033 9333 Taiwan 008 0112 7513 * Thailand 0018 0015 6207 7181 * +81345790333

Japan * toll-free About MSCI

MSCI is a leading provider of critical decision support tools and services for the global investment community. With over 50 years of expertise in research, data and technology, we power better investment decisions by enabling clients to understand and analyze key drivers of risk and return and confidently build more effective portfolios. We create industry-leading research-enhanced solutions that clients use to gain insight into and improve transparency across the investment process.

To learn more, please visit www.msci.com.

The process for submitting a formal index complaint can be found on the index regulation page of MSCI's website

at: https://www.msci.com/index-regulation.



Notice and disclaimer

This document is research for informational purposes only and is intended for institutional professionals with the analytical resources and tools necessary to interpret any performance information. Nothing herein is intended to promote or recommend any product, tool or service.

This document and all of the information contained in it, including without limitation all text, data, graphs, charts (collectively, the "Information") is the property of MSCI Inc. or its subsidiaries (collectively, "MSCI"), or MSCI's licensors, direct or indirect suppliers or any third party involved in making or compiling any Information (collectively, with MSCI, the "Information Providers") and is provided for informational purposes only. The Information may not be modified, reverse-engineered, reproduced or redisseminated in whole or in part without prior written permission from MSCI. All rights in the Information are reserved by MSCI and/or its Information Providers.

The Information may not be used to create derivative works or to verify or correct other data or information. For example (but without limitation), the Information may not be used to create indexes, databases, risk models, analytics, software, or in connection with the issuing, offering, sponsoring, managing or marketing of any securities, portfolios, financial products or other investment vehicles utilizing or based on, linked to, tracking or otherwise derived from the Information or any other MSCI data, information, products or services.

The user of the Information assumes the entire risk of any use it may make or permit to be made of the Information. NONE OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDERS MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION (OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE USE THEREOF), AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EACH INFORMATION PROVIDER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF ORIGINALITY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS, NON-INFRINGEMENT, COMPLETENESS, MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE) WITH RESPECT TO ANY OF THE INFORMATION.

Without limiting any of the foregoing and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall any Information Provider have any liability regarding any of the Information for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential (including lost profits) or any other damages even if notified of the possibility of such damages. The foregoing shall not exclude or limit any liability that may not by applicable law be excluded or limited, including without limitation (as applicable), any liability for death or personal injury to the extent that such injury results from the negligence or willful default of itself, its servants, agents or sub-contractors.

Information containing any historical information, data or analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance, analysis, forecast or prediction. Past performance does not quarantee future results.

The Information may include "Signals," defined as quantitative attributes or the product of methods or formulas that describe or are derived from calculations using historical data. Neither these Signals nor any description of historical data are intended to provide investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any investment decision or asset allocation and should not be relied upon as such. Signals are inherently backward-looking because of their use of historical data, and they are not intended to predict the future. The relevance, correlations and accuracy of Signals frequently will change materially.

The Information should not be relied on and is not a substitute for the skill, judgment and experience of the user, its management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions. All Information is impersonal and not tailored to the needs of any person, entity or group of persons.

None of the Information constitutes an offer to sell (or a solicitation of an offer to buy), any security, financial product or other investment vehicle or any trading strategy.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Exposure to an asset class or trading strategy or other category represented by an index is only available through third party investable instruments (if any) based on that index. MSCI does not issue, sponsor, endorse, market, offer, review or otherwise express any opinion regarding any fund, ETF, derivative or other security, investment, financial product or trading strategy that is based on, linked to or seeks to provide an investment return related to the performance of any MSCI index (collectively, "Index Linked Investments"). MSCI makes no assurance that any Index Linked Investments will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. MSCI Inc. is not an investment adviser or fiduciary and MSCI makes no representation regarding the advisability of investing in any Index Linked Investments.

Index returns do not represent the results of actual trading of investible assets/securities. MSCI maintains and calculates indexes, but does not manage actual assets. The calculation of indexes and index returns may deviate from the stated methodology. Index returns do not reflect payment of any sales charges or fees an investor may pay to purchase the securities underlying the index or Index Linked Investments. The imposition of these fees and charges would cause the performance of an Index Linked Investment to be different than the MSCI index performance.

The Information may contain back tested data. Back-tested performance is not actual performance, but is hypothetical. There are frequently material differences between back tested performance results and actual results subsequently achieved by any investment strategy.

Constituents of MSCI equity indexes are listed companies, which are included in or excluded from the indexes according to the application of the relevant index methodologies. Accordingly, constituents in MSCI equity indexes may include MSCI Inc., clients of MSCI or suppliers to MSCI. Inclusion of a security within an MSCI index is not a recommendation by MSCI to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

Data and information produced by various affiliates of MSCI Inc., including MSCI ESG Research LLC and Barra LLC, may be used in calculating certain MSCI indexes. More information can be found in the relevant index methodologies on www.msci.com.

MSCI receives compensation in connection with licensing its indexes to third parties. MSCI Inc.'s revenue includes fees based on assets in Index Linked Investments. Information can be found in MSCI Inc.'s company filings on the Investor Relations section of msci.com.

MSCI ESG Research LLC is a Registered Investment Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and a subsidiary of MSCI Inc. Neither MSCI nor any of its products or services recommends, endorses, approves or otherwise expresses any opinion regarding any issuer, securities, financial products or instruments or trading strategies and MSCI's products or services are not a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such, provided that applicable products or services from MSCI ESG Research may constitute investment advice. MSCI ESG Research to, nor received approval from, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body. MSCI ESG and climate ratings, research and data are produced by MSCI ESG Research LLC, a subsidiary of MSCI Inc. MSCI ESG Indexes, Analytics and Real Estate are products of MSCI Inc. that utilize information from MSCI ESG Research LLC. MSCI Indexes are administered by MSCI Limited (UK).

Please note that the issuers mentioned in MSCI ESG Research materials sometimes have commercial relationships with MSCI ESG Research and/or MSCI Inc. (collectively, "MSCI") and that these relationships create potential conflicts of interest. In some cases, the issuers or their affiliates purchase research or other products or services from one or more MSCI affiliates. In other cases, MSCI ESG Research rates financial products such as mutual funds or ETFs that are managed by MSCI's clients or their affiliates, or are based on MSCI Inc. Indexes. In addition, constituents in MSCI Inc. equity indexes include companies that subscribe to MSCI products or services. In some cases, MSCI clients pay fees based in whole or part on the assets they manage. MSCI ESG Research has taken a number of steps to mitigate potential conflicts of interest and safeguard the integrity and independence of its research and ratings. More information about these conflict mitigation measures is available in our Form ADV, available at https://adviserinfo.sec.gov/firm/summary/169222.

Any use of or access to products, services or information of MSCI requires a license from MSCI. MSCI, Barra, RiskMetrics, IPD and other MSCI brands and product names are the trademarks, service marks, or registered trademarks of MSCI or its subsidiaries in the United States and other jurisdictions. The Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by and is the exclusive property of MSCI and S&P Global Market Intelligence. "Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)" is a service mark of MSCI and S&P Global Market Intelligence.

MIFID2/MIFIR notice: MSCI ESG Research LLC does not distribute or act as an intermediary for financial instruments or structured deposits, nor does it deal on its own account, provide execution services for others or manage client accounts. No MSCI ESG Research product or service supports, promotes or is intended to support or promote any such activity. MSCI ESG Research is an independent provider of ESG data.

Privacy notice: For information about how MSCI collects and uses personal data, please refer to our Privacy Notice at https://www.msci.com/privacy-pledge.