

00;00;07;00 – 00;00;11;21

So we learned a lot in this panel on geospatial data.

00;00;11;21 – 00;00;17;06

And people naturally
maybe didn't think about locations as much

00;00;17;06 – 00;00;21;07

because emissions are, kind of naturally

00;00;21;07 – 00;00;25;17

not locateable, but global.

00;00;25;17 – 00;00;31;26

And that is now shifting with physical
risk being extremely location-specific.

00;00;31;26 – 00;00;35;26

And with now nature
becoming more and more important

00;00;35;26 – 00;00;39;01

and being extremely location-specific
as well.

00;00;39;01 – 00;00;41;28

The models we're using, for example, flood

00;00;41;28 – 00;00;47;05

models are going to naturally,
first of all, have a lot of uncertainty

00;00;47;05 – 00;00;51;04

and also,
will develop in maturity over time.

00;00;51;04 – 00;00;55;19

The financial industry will have to
get comfortable

00;00;55;19 – 00;01;00;10

with this uncertainty
and that for the data providers

00;01;00;10 – 00;01;04;11

and the modelers,
transparency is really key

00;01;04;11 – 00;01;10;11

so that people understand the changes

in output data that will occur.