

# MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes Methodology

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## MSCI

# 1. Introduction

The MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes are designed to reflect the performance of a strategy that seeks higher exposure to four style factors -- Value, Momentum, Low Size and Quality -- relative to other factors from the Barra Equity Model (GEM2L) with controlled ex-ante risk. The index methodology aims to represent higher exposure to the above-mentioned factors while maintaining market risk exposure similar to the underlying parent index.

MSCI categorizes the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes as part of the family of MSCI Factor Indexes, which are designed to reflect the systematic elements of particular investment styles or strategies. While capitalization weighted indexes aim to represent the broad market beta, additional sources of systematic return associated with particular investment styles and strategies, such as value, momentum, volatility, etc. or their combination could be represented through alternatively weighted indexes.

The MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes are optimization-based indexes that aim to maximize the exposure to four style factors -- Value, Momentum, Quality and Low Size -- while maintaining a total risk profile for the index similar to that of the underlying parent universe at the time of rebalancing. The MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes are rebalanced at a semi-annual frequency.

# 2. Index Construction Methodology

The applicable universe includes all the existing constituents of an underlying MSCI parent index (herein, the "Parent Index"). This approach aims to provide an opportunity set with sufficient liquidity and capacity. The relevant Parent Index could be any MSCI Regional or Country standard, small cap or IMI Index.

The MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes are constructed by optimizing from an underlying Parent Index using a Barra Equity Model to maximize the index-level exposure to the targeted style factors while maintaining market risk similar to the Parent Index.

The steps for constructing the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes are described below.

### Section 2.1: Applicable Universe

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All the securities from the Parent Index become part of the applicable universe. The optimization relies on the factor exposures for all the securities in the Parent Index and the factor covariance matrix of the relevant Barra Equity Model. The optimization is performed using a base currency. The default currency is US Dollar.

### Section 2.2: Constituent Identification

Identification of the constituents from the applicable universe is done by the process of optimization.

### Section 2.3: Weighting Scheme

The optimization objective is to maximize the alpha score (representative of the exposures to the set of target factors) under the "target risk "constraint where the risk target is equal to the ex-ante risk of the Parent Index at the time of rebalancing.

#### 2.3.1 Calculation of the alpha score

$$\alpha_{i} = 0.25 * F_{1,i} + 0.25 * F_{2,i} + 0.25 * F_{3,i} + 0.25 * F_{4,i}$$

Where,

 $F_{i,i}$  = Factor exposure of each security *i* for each of the target factors.

The factor exposures for the target factors are sourced as follows:

- 1. Momentum Factor exposure for each security from Barra Equity Model (GEM2L)
- 2. Low Size Negative of the factor exposure for each security from Barra Equity Model (GEM2L)
- Value Sector-relative Value z-score computed as mentioned in the MSCI Enhanced Value Index methodology. (Please refer to the Section 2.2 of the <u>MSCI Enhanced Value Index methodology</u> for details)
- 4. Quality Sector-relative Quality score computed as mentioned in the MSCI Sector Neutral Quality Index methodology. (Please refer to the Appendix VII of the <u>MSCI Sector Neutral Quality</u> <u>Index methodology</u> for details)

#### 2.3.2 Optimization Constraints

At each semi-annual index review, the following optimization constraints are employed, which aim to ensure investability while achieving total risk in line with that of the Parent Index.

- If the Parent Index is an MSCI Standard index then the maximum weight of an index constituent will be restricted to the lower of (the weight of the security in the Parent Index + 2%) or 10 times the weight of the security in the Parent Index. The minimum weight of an index constituent will be restricted to the higher of the (weight of the security in the Parent Index 2%) or 0.
- If the Parent Index is an MSCI Small Cap index the maximum weight of an index constituent will be restricted to the lower of (the weight of the security in the Parent Index + 1%) or 5 times the weight of the security in the Parent Index. The minimum weight of an index constituent will be restricted to the higher of (the weight of the security in the Parent Index 1%) or 0.
- Exposure of the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index to non-target Barra style factors such as volatility, growth and liquidity will be restricted to +/-0.25 standard deviations relative to the Parent Index.
- The sector weights of the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index will not deviate more than +/-5% from the sector weights of the Parent Index.
- For countries with weight greater than 2.5% in the Parent Index, the weight in the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index will not deviate more than +/-5% from the country weight in the Parent Index.
- For countries with weight less than 2.5% in the Parent Index, the weight in the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index will be capped at 3 times their weight in the Parent Index.
- The one-way turnover of the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index is constrained to a maximum of 20% at each index review.

#### 2.3.3 Determining the optimized index

The MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index is constructed using the Barra Open Optimizer in combination with the relevant Barra Equity Model (GEM2L). The optimization uses the Parent Index as the universe of eligible securities and the specified optimization objective and constraints to determine the optimal MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index. The Barra Open Optimizer determines the optimal solution, i.e. the portfolio with the highest possible alpha score with "target risk" equal to the ex-ante risk of the Parent Index at the time of rebalancing, using an estimated security covariance matrix under the applicable investment constraints.

# 3. Maintaining the Indexes

## Section 3.1: Semi-Annual Index Reviews

The MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes are rebalanced on a semi-annual basis, usually as of the close of the last business day of May and November, coinciding with the May and November Semi-Annual Index Reviews (SAIRs) of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes. Barra Equity Model data as of the end of April and October are used respectively. This approach aims to capture timely updates to the risk characteristics of the companies and coincide with the rebalancing frequency of the relevant Parent Index. The pro forma MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes are in general announced nine business days before the effective date.

## Section 3.2: Ongoing Event Related changes

In general, the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Indexes follow the event maintenance of the Parent Index.

### 1: IPOs and other early inclusions

IPOs and other newly listed securities will only be considered for inclusion at the next MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index SAIR, even if they qualify for early inclusion in the Parent Index.

#### 2: Additions and Deletions due to corporate events

A constituent deleted from Parent Index following a corporate event will be simultaneously deleted from the MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index.

Please refer to Appendix III for the details of corporate event treatments.

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# Appendix I: Handling Infeasible Optimizations

During the semi-annual index review, in the event that there is no optimal solution that satisfies all the optimization constraints defined in Section 2.3.2, the following constraints will be relaxed, until an optimal solution is found:

• Relax the maximum active weight constraint (2% in the case of standard indexes and 1% in the case of small cap indexes) in multiples of 1.25 up to a maximum of 5 iterations based upon the following formula

$$w_{i+1} = 1.25 * w_i$$
 for  $i = 0 - 4$ 

Where w<sub>i</sub> = Maximum Active weight constraint

• Relax the maximum weight multiple in steps of 2 up to a maximum of 5 iterations based upon the following formula

$$wm_{i+1} = 2 + wm_i$$
 for  $i = 0 - 4$ 

Where wm<sub>i</sub> = Maximum Active weight multiple

• The maximum active weight constraint and the maximum weight multiple are alternately relaxed until a feasible solution is achieved.

In the event that no optimal solution is found after the above constraints have been relaxed over all 5 iterations, the relevant MSCI Diversified Multi-Factor Index will not be rebalanced for that semi-annual index review.

## Appendix II: New release of Barra Equity Model or Barra Optimizer

A major new release of the relevant Barra Equity Model or Barra Optimizer may replace the former version within a suitable timeframe.

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# Appendix III: Corporate Event Treatment

This appendix describes the treatment of the most common corporate events in the MSCI Indexes. Details regarding the treatment of all other corporate events not covered in this appendix can be found in the MSCI Corporate Events Methodology book, available at

#### http://www.msci.com/products/indices/size/standard/methodology.html

Event Type	Event details	Action
Acquisition	Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent acquires another Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent	Maintain acquiring company and remove acquired company, new constraint factor (CF) is computed as a weighted average of the CFs prior to the event, with weights set to weights in the Parent Index
	Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent acquires non- Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent which is a Parent Index constituent	Maintain acquiring company, new CF is computed as a weighted average of the CFs prior to the event, with weights set to weights in the Parent Index, and the CF of the acquired security is set to 0
	Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent acquires non- Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent which is a Parent Index constituent	No change in CF
	Non-Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent acquires Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent	Remove acquired company without adding acquiring company
Merger	Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent merges with Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent	Add a new company with a new CF which is computed as a weighted average of the CFs prior to the event, with weights set to weights in the Parent Index
	Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent merges with non- Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent	Add new company if MSCI links its price history to the Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent. New company not added if price history is linked to the non- Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent

IPO	IPO added to Parent Index	Security will be considered for inclusion in the Diversified Multi- Factor Index at the next semi- annual index review
Spin-off	Diversified Multi-Factor Index constituent spins off security	Add spun-off security to the Diversified Multi-Factor Index with the constraint factor of the spinning security, if it is included in the Parent Index
Conversion	Security A converted to B, A deleted from Parent Index, B added	B inherits constraint factors from A
Country Reclassification	Domicile of company reviewed: Security A deleted from country A, security B added to country B	B inherits constraint factors from A if it is added to the Parent Index
Stock exchange reclassification	Stock exchange (price source) of company reviewed: Security A deleted, security B added	B inherits constraint factors from A if it is added to the Parent Index
Other Events Resulting in Changes in Number of Shares and FIFs	Changes in number of shares and subsequent FIF resulting from other events such as share placements and offerings, and debt-to-equity-swaps	No change in Constraint Factor

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The company's flagship product offerings are: the MSCI indexes with over USD 9.5 trillion estimated to be benchmarked to them on a worldwide basis1; Barra multi-asset class factor models, portfolio risk and performance analytics; RiskMetrics multi-asset class market and credit risk analytics; PD real estate information, indexes and analytics; MSCI ESG (environmental, social and governance) Research screening, analysis and ratings; and FEA valuation models and risk management software for the energy and commodities markets. MSCI is headquartered in New York, with research and commercial offices around the world.

1 As of June 30, 2014, as reported on September 30 2014 by eVestment, Morningstar and Bloomberg

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