MSCI ENHANCED VALUE INDEXES METHODOLOGY

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1 INTRODUCTION

The MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are designed to represent the performance of companies that exhibit relatively higher value characteristics within the parent universe of securities.

MSCI categorizes the MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes as part of the family of MSCI Factor Indexes, which are designed to reflect the systematic elements of particular investment styles or strategies. While capitalization weighted indexes aim to represent the broad market beta, additional sources of systematic return associated with particular investment styles and strategies, such as value, momentum, volatility, etc. could be represented through alternatively weighted indexes.
2 INDEX CONSTRUCTION METHODOLOGY

2.1 APPLICABLE UNIVERSE

The applicable universe includes all the existing constituents of an underlying MSCI parent index (herein, a “Parent Index”). This approach aims to provide an opportunity set with sufficient liquidity and capacity. The relevant Parent Index would be any MSCI Regional or Country Index.

2.2 DETERMINATION OF VALUE SCORE

The value score for each security is calculated by combining the z-scores of three valuation descriptors, namely Forward Price to Earnings (Fwd P/E), Enterprise Value/Operating Cash Flows (EV/CFO) and Price to Book Value (P/B).

2.2.1 CALCULATING THE Z-SCORE FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL VARIABLE

The z-score for each of the three variables for each security is calculated using the mean and standard deviation of the inverse of the corresponding variable. The z-score for each individual variable is computed within the MSCI Parent Index. The variables used are as follows:

1. Fwd P/E, P/B, EV/CFO for all securities except for “Financials” (Sector “40” of the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS®))
2. Fwd P/E, P/B for all securities in the GICS Financials Sector

The latest available data at the time of rebalancing is used for the individual value descriptors.

2.2.2 CALCULATING THE SECTOR RELATIVE VALUE Z-SCORE

After calculating individual variable z-scores, a composite value z-score for each security is computed by taking the weighted average of individual variable z-scores for each security. Each individual variable z-score is assigned an equal weight (e.g. 1/3 weight is assigned when 3 variables are used).

A sector relative score is then derived from the composite value z-score. It is arrived at by standardizing the composite value z-score within each sector. A sector relative score is winsorized at +/- 3.
2.2.3 CALCULATING THE FINAL VALUE SCORE

The Final Value Score is computed from sector relative z-score as follows:

\[ \text{Final Value Score} = \begin{cases} 1 + Z_{rel}^i, & Z_{rel}^i \geq 0 \\ \left(1 - Z_{rel}^i\right)^{-1}, & Z_{rel}^i < 0 \end{cases} \]

Where \( Z_{rel} \) is the sector relative z-score determined in the previous step.

2.3 SECURITY SELECTION

The MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are constructed with a fixed number of securities approach. All the existing constituents of the relevant Parent Index are ranked based on their Final Value Scores. If multiple securities have the same Final Value Scores, then the security having a higher weight in the Parent Index is given a higher rank. A fixed number of securities with the highest positive Final Value Scores are predetermined for every MSCI Enhanced Value Index at initial construction with an aim to attain a greater weight in the Value factor while maintaining sufficient index market capitalization and number of securities coverage. Rules for arriving at a fixed number of constituents at initial construction are explained in Appendix III. The fixed number for security selection determined at initial construction is evaluated at every Semi-Annual Index Review (SAIR). Rules for evaluating the fixed number of constituents at every SAIR are also explained in Appendix III.

2.4 WEIGHTING SCHEME

The securities selected in the previous step are assigned weights in the proportion of market cap weight* Final Value Score.

These weights are then updated to implement sector neutrality i.e. the weight of each sector in the MSCI Enhanced Value Index is equated with the weight of that sector in the Parent Index. This is done by normalizing the weights of the constituents within each sector to reflect the effective Parent Index sector weight.

The final security level inclusion factor is determined as the ratio of the final security level weight and the security level pro forma market capitalization weight in the relevant Parent Index.
3 MAINTAINING THE INDEXES

3.1 SEMI-ANNUAL INDEX REVIEWS

The MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are rebalanced on a semi-annual basis, usually as of the close of the last business day of May and November, coinciding with the May and November Semi-Annual Index Reviews (SAIRs) of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes. Fundamental variables as of the end of April and October are used respectively. This approach aims to capture timely updates to the Value characteristics of the companies and coincide with the rebalancing frequency of the relevant Parent Index. The pro forma MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are in general announced nine business days before the effective date.

Buffer Rules:
To reduce Index turnover and enhance index stability, buffer rules are applied as follows:

3.1.1 SECURITY SELECTION BUFFER

A security selection buffer of 50% is applied during the on-going index review.

For example, the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index targets 400 securities and the buffers are applied between rank 201 and 600. The securities in the Parent Index with a value score rank at or above 200 will be added to the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index on a priority basis. The existing constituents that have a value score rank between 201 and 600 are then successively added until the number of securities in the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index reaches 400. If the number of securities is below 400 after this step, the remaining securities in the Parent Index with the highest value score rank are added until the number of securities in the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index reaches 400.

3.1.2 TURNOVER BUFFER

A turnover buffer of 50% is applied during the on-going index review.

For example, if the on-going rebalancing results in changing the weight of a security from x% to y%, then the effective change in weight will be:

\[ \text{Effective pro forma constituent weight} = x + \frac{(y-x)}{2} \]

The turnover buffer is not applied on deletions.
3.2 ONGOING EVENT RELATED CHANGES

In general, the MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes follow the event maintenance of the Parent Index.

3.2.1 IPOS AND OTHER EARLY INCLUSIONS

IPOs and other newly listed securities will only be considered for inclusion at the next MSCI Enhanced Value Index SAIR, even if they qualify for early inclusion in the Parent Index.

3.2.2 ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS DUE TO CORPORATE EVENTS

A constituent deleted from Parent Index following a corporate event will be simultaneously deleted from the MSCI Enhanced Value Index.

Please refer to Appendix IV for more details on the treatment of corporate events.
APPENDIX I: CALCULATION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL VARIABLES

This appendix specifies the fundamental variables for the MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fundamental Variable</th>
<th>Calculation Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enterprise Value (EV)</td>
<td>Market capitalization at fiscal yearend date + Preferred Stock + Minority Interest +</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Debt - Cash and cash equivalents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Flow from Operations (CFO)</td>
<td>Net cash receipts and disbursements resulting from the operations of the company</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more details on the fundamental data, please refer to the MSCI Fundamental Data Methodology ([http://www.msci.com/products/indexes/country_and_regional/all_country/methodology.html](http://www.msci.com/products/indexes/country_and_regional/all_country/methodology.html))
APPENDIX II: VALUE Z-SCORE COMPUTATION

If the value for variable EV/CFO is missing for any security, it is substituted by the value of ratio price-to-cash earnings (P/CE) for that security. Similarly, if the value for variable Fwd P/E is missing for any security, it is substituted by the value of trailing price-to-earnings (P/E) for that security. After the substitution, the value z-score is computed as mentioned in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Case</th>
<th>Detail</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Case 1</td>
<td>Security does not belong to “Financials” sector and all variables are available</td>
<td>Value z-score = ( \frac{1}{3} \cdot z_1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot z_2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot z_3 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case 2</td>
<td>Security does not belong to “Financials” sector and one variable(e.g., z3) is missing</td>
<td>Value z-score = ( \frac{1}{3} \cdot z_1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot z_2 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case 3</td>
<td>Security does not belong to “Financials” sector and two variables(e.g., z2 &amp; z3) are missing</td>
<td>Value z-score = ( \frac{1}{3} \cdot z_1 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case 4</td>
<td>Security belongs to “Financials” sector and all variables are available</td>
<td>Value z-score = ( 0.5 \cdot z_1 + 0.5 \cdot z_2 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case 5</td>
<td>Security belongs to “Financials” sector and one variable(e.g., z2) is missing</td>
<td>Value z-score = ( 0.5 \cdot z_1 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case 6</td>
<td>All three variables are missing (for non-Financials) Both variables are missing (for Financials)</td>
<td>Value z-score = NULL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The \( z_1, z_2 \) & \( z_3 \) represent the individual variable z-scores
APPENDIX III: RULES TO DETERMINE FIXED NUMBER OF SECURITIES AT INITIAL CONSTRUCTION AND IN ONGOING REBALANCING

ALGORITHM TO DETERMINE FIXED NUMBER OF SECURITIES AT INITIAL CONSTRUCTION

Rank the securities in the proforma parent universe in the descending order of final value score.
**NumSec**: Number of securities

**Mcap**: Float market capitalization

**Rounding Off Rules:**

Upward rounding off is done depending on NumSec Obtained in the Previous Box Step

- If NumSec in Previous Step < 100, Nearest Rounding = 10 Securities
- If NumSec in Previous Step ≥ 100 but < 300, Nearest Rounding = 25 Securities
- If NumSec in Previous Step ≥ 300, Nearest Rounding = 50 Securities

**ALGORITHM TO REEVALUATE FIXED NUMBER OF SECURITIES AT SEMI ANNUAL REBALANCING**

- **NumSec**: Number of Securities
- **Mcap**: Float Market Capitalization
APPENDIX IV: CORPORATE EVENTS TREATMENT

This appendix describes the treatment of the most common corporate events in the MSCI Indexes. Details regarding the treatment of all other corporate events not covered in this appendix can be found in the MSCI Corporate Events Methodology book, available at http://www.mscibarra.com/products/indexes/international_equity_indexes/gimi/stdIndex/methodology.html

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event Type</th>
<th>Event details</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition</td>
<td>Enhanced Value Index constituent acquires another Enhanced Value Index constituent</td>
<td>Maintain acquiring company and remove acquired company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enhanced Value Index constituent acquires non Enhanced Value Index constituent</td>
<td>Maintain acquiring company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Non Enhanced Value Index constituent acquires Enhanced Value Index constituent</td>
<td>Remove acquired company without adding acquiring company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merger</td>
<td>Enhanced Value Index constituent merges with Enhanced Value Index constituent</td>
<td>Add new company with a constraint factor that is the weighted average of the two constituents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enhanced Value Index constituent merges with non Enhanced Value Index constituent</td>
<td>Add new company if MSCI links its price history to the Enhanced Value Index constituent. New company not added if price history is linked to the non Enhanced Value Index constituent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPO</td>
<td>IPO added to Parent Index</td>
<td>Security will be considered for inclusion in the Enhanced Value Index at the next Semi-Annual Index Review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spin-off</td>
<td>Enhanced Value Index constituent spins off security</td>
<td>Add spun-off security to the Enhanced Value Index with the constraint factor of the spinning security, if it is included in the Parent Index</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conversion</td>
<td>Security A converted to B, A deleted from Parent Index, B added</td>
<td>B inherits constraint factors from A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country</td>
<td>Domicile of company reviewed: Security</td>
<td>B inherits constraint factors from A if it...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event Type</td>
<td>Event details</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reclassification</td>
<td>A deleted from country A, security B added to country B</td>
<td>is added to the Parent Index</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stock exchange reclassification</td>
<td>Stock exchange (price source) of company reviewed: Security A deleted, security B added</td>
<td>B inherits constraint factors from A if it is added to the Parent Index</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Events Resulting in Changes in Number of Shares and FIFs</td>
<td>Changes in number of shares and subsequent FIF resulting from other events such as share placements and offerings, and debt-to-equity-swaps</td>
<td>No change in Constraint Factor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS HAVE BEEN MODIFIED SINCE AUGUST 2014:

Section 3.2.2: Additions And Deletions Due To Corporate Events and Appendix IV: Corporate Events Treatment
- Clarification of corporate event maintenance rules applicable to these Indexes

Appendix II: Value Z-Score Computation
- Clarification of treatment of missing variables (Case 6)
CONTACT US

clientservice@msci.com

AMERICAS

Americas  1 888 588 4567 *
Atlanta     1 404 551 3212
Boston      1 617 532 0920
Chicago     1 312 675 0545
Monterrey   52 81 1253 4020
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EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA

Cape Town  + 27 21 673 0100
Frankfurt   + 49 69 133 859 00
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Paris       0800 91 59 17 *

ASIA PACIFIC

China North 10800 852 1032 *
China South 10800 152 1032 *
Hong Kong   + 852 2844 9333
Mumbai      + 91 22 6784 9160
Seoul       00798 8521 3392 *
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