

MSCI ENHANCED VALUE INDEXES METHODOLOGY

May 2015



CONTENTS	1 Intro	oduction	3
	2 Index Construction Methodology		4
	2.1 A	Applicable Universe	4
	2.2	Determination of Value Score	4
	2.2.1	Calculating the z-score for each individual variable	
	2.2.2	Calculating the sector relative value z-score	4
	2.2.3	Calculating the Final Value Score	5
	2.3 S	Security Selection	5
	2.4 V	Veighting Scheme	5
	3 Maii	ntaining the Indexes	6
	3.1 S	iemi-Annual Index Reviews	6
	3.1.1	Security Selection Buffer	6
	3.1.2	Turnover Buffer	6
	3.2	Ongoing Event Related changes	7
	3.2.1	IPOs and other early inclusions	7
	3.2.2	Additions and Deletions due to corporate events	7
	Appendi	x I: Calculation of the Fundamental Variables	8
	Appendix II: Value Z-Score Computation		9
	Appendix III: Rules to Determine Fixed Number of Securities at Initial Construction and in Ongoing Rebalancing		
	Algorithm to Determine Fixed Number of Securities at Initial Construction 1		
	Algorith	nm to reevaluate Fixed Number of Securities at Semi Annual	
	Appendi	x IV: Corporate Events Treatment	. 12



1 INTRODUCTION

The MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are designed to represent the performance of companies that exhibit relatively higher value characteristics within the parent universe of securities.

MSCI categorizes the MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes as part of the family of MSCI Factor Indexes, which are designed to reflect the systematic elements of particular investment styles or strategies. While capitalization weighted indexes aim to represent the broad market beta, additional sources of systematic return associated with particular investment styles and strategies, such as value, momentum, volatility, etc. could be represented through alternatively weighted indexes.



2 INDEX CONSTRUCTION METHODOLOGY

2.1 APPLICABLE UNIVERSE

The applicable universe includes all the existing constituents of an underlying MSCI parent index (herein, a "Parent Index"). This approach aims to provide an opportunity set with sufficient liquidity and capacity. The relevant Parent Index would be any MSCI Regional or Country Index.

2.2 DETERMINATION OF VALUE SCORE

The value score for each security is calculated by combining the z-scores of three valuation descriptors, namely Forward Price to Earnings (Fwd P/E), Enterprise Value/Operating Cash Flows (EV/CFO) and Price to Book Value (P/B).

2.2.1 CALCULATING THE Z-SCORE FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL VARIABLE

The z-score for each of the three variables for each security is calculated using the mean and standard deviation of the inverse of the corresponding variable. The z-score for each individual variable is computed within the MSCI Parent Index. The variables used are as follows:

- 1. Fwd P/E, P/B, EV/CFO for all securities except for "Financials" (Sector "40" of the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS®))
- 2. Fwd P/E, P/B for all securities in the GICS Financials Sector

The latest available data at the time of rebalancing is used for the individual value descriptors

2.2.2 CALCULATING THE SECTOR RELATIVE VALUE Z-SCORE

After calculating individual variable z-scores, a composite value z-score for each security is computed by taking the weighted average of individual variable z-scores for each security. Each individual variable z-score is assigned an equal weight (e.g. 1/3 weight is assigned when 3 variables are used).

A sector relative score is then derived from the composite value z-score. It is arrived at by standardizing the composite value z-score within each sector. A sector relative score is winsorized at \pm /- 3.



2.2.3 CALCULATING THE FINAL VALUE SCORE

The Final Value Score is computed from sector relative z-score as follows:

$$Final\ Value\ Score = \begin{cases} 1 + Z_rel_T^i \ , & Z_rel_T^i \geq 0 \\ \left(1 - Z_rel_T^i\right)^{-1}, & Z_rel_T^i < 0 \end{cases}$$

Where Z_rel is the sector relative z-score determined in the previous step.

2.3 SECURITY SELECTION

The MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are constructed with a fixed number of securities approach. All the existing constituents of the relevant Parent Index are ranked based on their Final Value Scores. If multiple securities have the same Final Value Scores, then the security having a higher weight in the Parent Index is given a higher rank. A fixed number of securities with the highest positive Final Value Scores are predetermined for every MSCI Enhanced Value Index at initial construction with an aim to attain a greater weight in the Value factor while maintaining sufficient index market capitalization and number of securities coverage. Rules for arriving at a fixed number of constituents at initial construction are explained in Appendix III. The fixed number for security selection determined at initial construction is evaluated at every Semi-Annual Index Review (SAIR). Rules for evaluating the fixed number of constituents at every SAIR are also explained in Appendix III

2.4 WEIGHTING SCHEME

The securities selected in the previous step are assigned weights in the proportion of market cap weight* Final Value Score.

These weights are then updated to implement sector neutrality i.e. the weight of each sector in the MSCI Enhanced Value Index is equated with the weight of that sector in the Parent Index. This is done by normalizing the weights of the constituents within each sector to reflect the effective Parent Index sector weight.

The final security level inclusion factor is determined as the ratio of the final security level weight and the security level pro forma market capitalization weight in the relevant Parent Index.



3 MAINTAINING THE INDEXES

3.1 SEMI-ANNUAL INDEX REVIEWS

The MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are rebalanced on a semi-annual basis, usually as of the close of the last business day of May and November, coinciding with the May and November Semi-Annual Index Reviews (SAIRs) of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes. Fundamental variables as of the end of April and October are used respectively. This approach aims to capture timely updates to the Value characteristics of the companies and coincide with the rebalancing frequency of the relevant Parent Index. The pro forma MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes are in general announced nine business days before the effective date.

Buffer Rules:

To reduce Index turnover and enhance index stability, buffer rules are applied as follows:

3.1.1 SECURITY SELECTION BUFFER

A security selection buffer of 50% is applied during the on-going index review.

For example, the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index targets 400 securities and the buffers are applied between rank 201 and 600. The securities in the Parent Index with a value score rank at or above 200 will be added to the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index on a priority basis. The existing constituents that have a value score rank between 201 and 600 are then successively added until the number of securities in the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index reaches 400. If the number of securities is below 400 after this step, the remaining securities in the Parent Index with the highest value score rank are added until the number of securities in the MSCI World Enhanced Value Index reaches 400.

3.1.2 TURNOVER BUFFER

A turnover buffer of 50% is applied during the on-going index review.

For example, if the on-going rebalancing results in changing the weight of a security from x% to y%, then the effective change in weight will be:

Effective pro forma constituent weight = x + (y-x)/2

The turnover buffer is not applied on deletions.



3.2 ONGOING EVENT RELATED CHANGES

In general, the MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes follow the event maintenance of the Parent Index.

3.2.1 IPOS AND OTHER EARLY INCLUSIONS

IPOs and other newly listed securities will only be considered for inclusion at the next MSCI Enhanced Value Index SAIR, even if they qualify for early inclusion in the Parent Index.

3.2.2 ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS DUE TO CORPORATE EVENTS

A constituent deleted from Parent Index following a corporate event will be simultaneously deleted from the MSCI Enhanced Value Index.

Please refer to Appendix IV for more details on the treatment of corporate events.



APPENDIX I: CALCULATION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL VARIABLES

This appendix specifies the fundamental variables for the MSCI Enhanced Value Indexes

Fundamental Variable	Calculation Details
Enterprise Value (EV)	Market capitalization at fiscal yearend date + Preferred Stock + Minority Interest + Total Debt - Cash and cash equivalents
Cash Flow from Operations (CFO)	Net cash receipts and disbursements resulting from the operations of the company

For more details on the fundamental data, please refer to the MSCI Fundamental Data Methodology

(http://www.msci.com/products/indexes/country and regional/all country/methodolo gy.html)



APPENDIX II: VALUE Z-SCORE COMPUTATION

If the value for variable EV/CFO is missing for any security, it is substituted by the value of ratio price-to-cash earnings (P/CE) for that security. Similarly, if the value for variable Fwd P/E is missing for any security, it is substituted by the value of trailing price-to-earnings (P/E) for that security. After the substitution, the value z-score is computed as mentioned in the table below.

Case	Detail	Action
Case 1	Security does not belong to "Financials" sector and all variables are available	Value z-score = (1/3)*z1 + (1/3)*z2 + (1/3)*z3
Case 2	Security does not belong to "Financials" sector and one variable(e.g., z3) is missing	Value z-score = (1/3)*z1 + (1/3)*z2
Case 3	Security does not belong to "Financials" sector and two variables(e.g., z2 & z3) are missing	Value z-score = (1/3)*z1
Case 4	Security belongs to "Financials" sector and all variables are available	Value z-score = 0.5*z1 + 0.5*z2
Case 5	Security belongs to "Financials" sector and one variable(e.g., z2) is missing	Value z-score = 0.5*z1
Case 6	All three variables are missing (for non-Financials) Both variables are missing (for Financials)	Value z-score = NULL

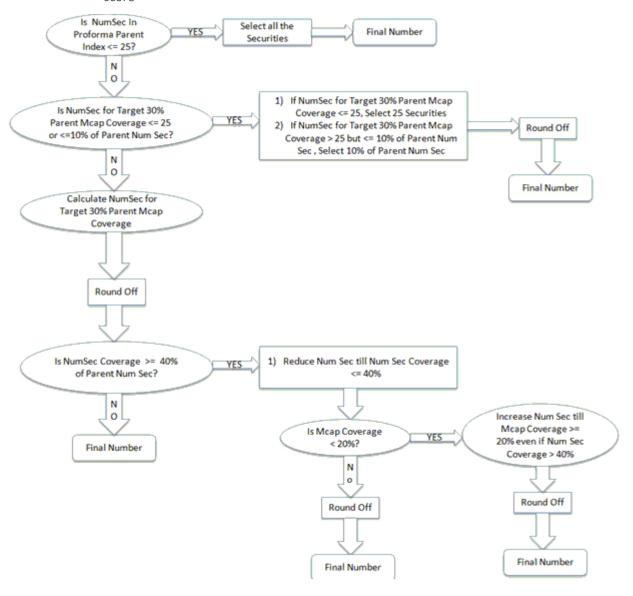
The z1, z2 & z3 represent the individual variable z-scores



APPENDIX III: RULES TO DETERMINE FIXED NUMBER OF SECURITIES AT INITIAL CONSTRUCTION AND IN ONGOING REBALANCING

ALGORITHM TO DETERMINE FIXED NUMBER OF SECURITIES AT INITIAL CONSTRUCTION

Rank the securities in the proforma parent universe in the descending order of final value score





NumSec: Number of securities

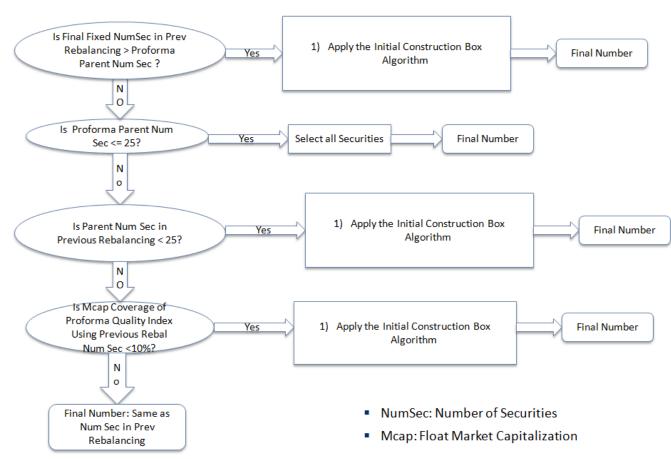
Mcap: Float market capitalization

Rounding Off Rules:

Upward rounding off is done depending on NumSec Obtained in the Previous Box Step

- If NumSec in Previous Step < 100, Nearest Rounding = 10 Securities
- If NumSec in Previous Step > = 100 but < 300, Nearest Rounding = 25 Securities
- If NumSec in Previous Step >= 300, Nearest Rounding = 50 Securities

ALGORITHM TO REEVALUATE FIXED NUMBER OF SECURITIES AT SEMI ANNUAL REBALANCING





APPENDIX IV: CORPORATE EVENTS TREATMENT

This appendix describes the treatment of the most common corporate events in the MSCI Indexes. Details regarding the treatment of all other corporate events not covered in this appendix can be found in the MSCI Corporate Events Methodology book, available at

http://www.mscibarra.com/products/indexes/international_equity_indexes/gimi/stdIndex/methodology.html

Event Type	Event details	Action
Acquisition	Enhanced Value Index constituent acquires another Enhanced Value Index constituent	Maintain acquiring company and remove acquired company
	Enhanced Value Index constituent acquires non Enhanced Value Index constituent	Maintain acquiring company
	Non Enhanced Value Index constituent acquires Enhanced Value Index constituent	Remove acquired company without adding acquiring company
Merger	Enhanced Value Index constituent merges with Enhanced Value Index constituent	Add new company with a constraint factor that is the weighted average of the two constituents
	Enhanced Value Index constituent merges with non Enhanced Value Index constituent	Add new company if MSCI links its price history to the Enhanced Value Index constituent. New company not added if price history is linked to the non Enhanced Value Index constituent
IPO	IPO added to Parent Index	Security will be considered for inclusion in the Enhanced Value Index at the next Semi-Annual Index Review
Spin-off	Enhanced Value Index constituent spins off security	Add spun-off security to the Enhanced Value Index with the constraint factor of the spinning security, if it is included in the Parent Index
Conversion	Security A converted to B, A deleted from Parent Index, B added	B inherits constraint factors from A
Country	Domicile of company reviewed: Security	B inherits constraint factors from A if it



Event Type	Event details	Action
Reclassification	A deleted from country A, security B added to country B	is added to the Parent Index
Stock exchange reclassification	Stock exchange (price source) of company reviewed: Security A deleted, security B added	B inherits constraint factors from A if it is added to the Parent Index
Other Events Resulting in Changes in Number of Shares and FIFs	Changes in number of shares and subsequent FIF resulting from other events such as share placements and offerings, and debt-to-equity-swaps	No change in Constraint Factor



THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS HAVE BEEN MODIFIED SINCE AUGUST 2014:

Section 3.2.2: Additions And Deletions Due To Corporate Events and Appendix IV: Corporate Events Treatment

• Clarification of corporate event maintenance rules applicable to these Indexes

Appendix II: Value Z-Score Computation

• Clarification of treatment of missing variables (Case 6)



CONTACT US

AMERICAS

clientservice@msci.com

Americas	1 888 588 4567 *
Atlanta	+ 1 404 551 3212
Boston	+ 1 617 532 0920
Chicago	+ 1 312 675 0545
Monterrey	+ 52 81 1253 4020
New York	+ 1 212 804 3901
San Francisco	+ 1 415 836 8800
Sao Paulo	+ 55 11 3706 1360
Toronto	+ 1 416 628 1007

EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA

Cape Town	+ 27 21 673 0100
Frankfurt	+ 49 69 133 859 00
Geneva	+ 41 22 817 9777
London	+ 44 20 7618 2222
Milan	+ 39 02 5849 0415
Paris	0800 91 59 17 *

ASIA PACIFIC

China North	10800 852 1032 *
China South	10800 152 1032 *
Hong Kong	+ 852 2844 9333
Mumbai	+ 91 22 6784 9160
Seoul	00798 8521 3392 *
Singapore	800 852 3749 *
Sydney	+ 61 2 9033 9333
Taipei	008 0112 7513 *
Tokyo	+ 81 3 5290 1555

^{* =} toll free

ABOUT MSCI

For more than 40 years, MSCI's research-based indexes and analytics have helped the world's leading investors build and manage better portfolios. Clients rely on our offerings for deeper insights into the drivers of performance and risk in their portfolios, broad asset class coverage and innovative research.

Our line of products and services includes indexes, analytical models, data, real estate benchmarks and ESG research.

MSCI serves 98 of the top 100 largest money managers, according to the most recent P&I ranking.

For more information, visit us at www.msci.com.



NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

This document and all of the information contained in it, including without limitation all text, data, graphs, charts (collectively, the "Information") is the property of MSCI Inc. or its subsidiaries (collectively, "MSCI"), or MSCI's licensors, direct or indirect suppliers or any third party involved in making or compiling any Information (collectively, with MSCI, the "Information Providers") and is provided for informational purposes only. The Information may not be modified, reverse-engineered, reproduced or redisseminated in whole or in part without prior written permission from MSCI.

The Information may not be used to create derivative works or to verify or correct other data or information. For example (but without limitation), the Information may not be used to create indexes, databases, risk models, analytics, software, or in connection with the issuing, offering, sponsoring, managing or marketing of any securities, portfolios, financial products or other investment vehicles utilizing or based on, linked to, tracking or otherwise derived from the Information or any other MSCI data, information, products or services.

The user of the Information assumes the entire risk of any use it may make or permit to be made of the Information. NONE OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDERS MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION (OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE USE THEREOF), AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EACH INFORMATION PROVIDER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF ORIGINALITY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS, NON-INFRINGEMENT, COMPLETENESS, MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE) WITH RESPECT TO ANY OF THE INFORMATION

Without limiting any of the foregoing and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall any Information Provider have any liability regarding any of the Information for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential (including lost profits) or any other damages even if notified of the possibility of such damages. The foregoing shall not exclude or limit any liability that may not by applicable law be excluded or limited, including without limitation (as applicable), any liability for death or personal injury to the extent that such injury results from the negligence or willful default of itself, its servants, agents or sub-contractors.

Information containing any historical information, data or analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance, analysis, forecast or prediction. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

The Information should not be relied on and is not a substitute for the skill, judgment and experience of the user, its management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions. All Information is impersonal and not tailored to the needs of any person, entity or group of persons.

None of the Information constitutes an offer to sell (or a solicitation of an offer to buy), any security, financial product or other investment vehicle or any trading strategy.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Exposure to an asset class or trading strategy or other category represented by an index is only available through third party investable instruments (if any) based on that index. MSCI does not issue, sponsor, endorse, market, offer, review or otherwise express any opinion regarding any fund, ETF, derivative or other security, investment, financial product or trading strategy that is based on, linked to or seeks to provide an investment return related to the performance of any MSCI index (collectively, "Index Linked Investments"). MSCI makes no assurance that any Index Linked Investments will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. MSCI Inc. is not an investment adviser or fiduciary and MSCI makes no representation regarding the advisability of investing in any Index Linked Investments.

Index returns do not represent the results of actual trading of investible assets/securities. MSCI maintains and calculates indexes, but does not manage actual assets. Index returns do not reflect payment of any sales charges or fees an investor may pay to purchase the securities underlying the index or Index Linked Investments. The imposition of these fees and charges would cause the performance of an Index Linked Investment to be different than the MSCI index performance.

The Information may contain back tested data. Back-tested performance is not actual performance, but is hypothetical. There are frequently material differences between back tested performance results and actual results subsequently achieved by any investment strategy.

Constituents of MSCI equity indexes are listed companies, which are included in or excluded from the indexes according to the application of the relevant index methodologies. Accordingly, constituents in MSCI equity indexes may include MSCI Inc., clients of MSCI or suppliers to MSCI. Inclusion of a security within an MSCI index is not a recommendation by MSCI to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

Data and information produced by various affiliates of MSCI Inc., including MSCI ESG Research Inc. and Barra LLC, may be used in calculating certain MSCI indexes. More information can be found in the relevant index methodologies on www.msci.com.

MSCI receives compensation in connection with licensing its indexes to third parties. MSCI Inc.'s revenue includes fees based on assets in Index Linked Investments. Information can be found in MSCI Inc.'s company filings on the Investor Relations section of www.msci.com.

MSCI ESG Research Inc. is a Registered Investment Adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and a subsidiary of MSCI Inc. Except with respect to any applicable products or services from MSCI ESG Research, neither MSCI nor any of its products or services recommends, endorses, approves or otherwise expresses any opinion regarding any issuer, securities, financial products or instruments or trading strategies and MSCI's products or services are not intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Issuers mentioned or included in any MSCI ESG Research materials may include MSCI Inc., clients of MSCI or suppliers to MSCI, and may also purchase research or other products or services from MSCI ESG Research. MSCI ESG Research materials, including materials utilized in any MSCI ESG Indexes or other products, have not been submitted to, nor received approval from, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body.

Any use of or access to products, services or information of MSCI requires a license from MSCI. MSCI, Barra, RiskMetrics, IPD, FEA, InvestorForce, and other MSCI brands and product names are the trademarks, service marks, or registered trademarks of MSCI or its subsidiaries in the United States and other jurisdictions. The Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by and is the exclusive property of MSCI and Standard & Poor's. "Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)" is a service mark of MSCI and Standard & Poor's.