

MSCI Global Low Carbon Leaders Indexes Methodology

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1. Introduction

The MSCI Global Low Carbon Leaders Indexes (the “Indexes”) are designed to address two dimensions of carbon exposure – carbon emissions and fossil fuel reserves. The Index is constructed by selecting constituents of a market capitalization weighted index (the “Parent Index”) through an optimization process that aims to:

- Reduce carbon exposure by at least 50% compared to the Parent Index – in terms of carbon emissions and fossil fuel reserves.
- Minimize tracking error relative to the Parent Index.
- Have low active sector, country, and regional biases relative to the Parent Index¹.

¹ The Indexes are governed by a set of methodology and policy documents (“Methodology Set”), including the present index methodology document. Please refer to Appendix VI for more details.

2. Constructing the Indexes

The Indexes use company ratings and research provided by MSCI ESG Research² for the Index construction.

Constructing the Indexes involves the following steps:

- Defining the Eligible Universe
- Defining the Carbon Exposure of each security in the Eligible universe
- Defining the Rules for Excluding Companies with the Highest Carbon Exposure
- Defining the optimization parameters
- Determining the optimized index

2.1 Defining the Eligible Universe

The Eligible universe for the Indexes are defined by applying the following exclusions on the constituents of the Parent Index.

- **Controversial Weapons:** All companies involved in Controversial Weapons as defined by the methodology of the MSCI Ex-Controversial Weapons Indexes.
- **ESG Controversies:** Companies assessed as having involvement in ESG controversies that are classified as Red Flags (MSCI ESG Controversy Score of 0). A Red Flag indicates an ongoing Very Severe ESG controversy implicating a company directly through its actions, products, or operations.
- **Thermal Coal Mining:** All companies deriving 1% or more revenue (either reported or estimated) from the mining of thermal coal (including lignite, bituminous, anthracite and steam coal) and its sale to external parties. It excludes revenue from metallurgical coal, coal mined for internal power generation (e.g., in the case of vertically integrated power producers), intracompany sales of mined thermal coal, and revenue from coal trading (either reported or estimated).
- **Oil Sands:** All companies deriving 5% or more revenue from oil sands extraction, which own sands reserves and disclose evidence of deriving revenue from oil sands extraction. Companies that derive revenue from non-extraction activities (e.g., exploration, surveying, processing, refining) or intra-company sales are not excluded. Additionally, companies with no associated revenue are also not excluded.

2.2 Defining the Carbon Exposure of Each Security in the Eligible Universe

The Carbon exposure of a security is measured in terms of its greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and its potential emissions from fossil fuel reserves. Please refer to Appendix I for more details.

² See section 4 for further information regarding ESG and climate data used in the Indexes that MSCI Limited and MSCI Deutschland GmbH source from MSCI ESG Research LLC, a separate subsidiary of MSCI Inc. MSCI ESG Research is solely responsible for the creation, determination and management of such data as a provider to MSCI Limited and MSCI Deutschland GmbH. MSCI Limited and MSCI Deutschland GmbH are the benchmark administrators for the MSCI indexes.

2.3 Defining the Rules for Excluding Companies with the Highest Carbon Exposure

The Indexes excludes companies with high exposure to carbon risk, identified as companies with high carbon emission intensity or high potential emissions per EVIC.

2.3.1 Carbon Emissions Exclusions

No The Parent Index constituents are ranked by their carbon emission intensity, and the top 20% of securities are excluded from the Index. The cumulative weight of securities excluded from any sector of the Parent Index has a limit of 50%. If the limit is reached for any sector, no further securities from that sector are excluded.

2.3.2 Potential Emissions Exclusions

The Parent Index constituents are ranked by their potential emissions per dollar of market capitalization. Securities are excluded until the cumulative potential carbon emission of the excluded securities reaches 50% of the Parent Index.

The two screens mentioned above are applied independently.

2.4 Defining the Optimization Parameters

- The Indexes are constructed using an optimization process that applies the following objective and constraints: The maximum weight of an index constituent will be restricted to 20 times its weight in the Parent Index
- The country weights in the Indexes will not deviate more than +/-2% from the country weights in the Parent Index
- The above country weight constraint will also apply on China A Stock Connect listings as a group separately in addition to the usual country weight constraint on China
- The sector weights in the Indexes will not deviate more than +/-2% from the sector weights in the Parent Index
- The reduction in the Carbon Emission Intensity and in the potential emissions per EVIC of the Indexes relative to the Parent Index will be at least 50%
- The one-way turnover of the Indexes is constrained to a maximum of 10% at each index review

In the event that there is no optimal solution that satisfies all the optimization constraints, the turnover constraint will be relaxed up to a maximum turnover of 20% in steps of 1% until an optimal solution is found.

2.5 Determining the Optimized Index

The Indexes are constructed using the Barra Open Optimizer in combination with the relevant Barra Equity Model. The optimization uses the universe of eligible securities and the specified optimization objective and constraints to determine the constituents of the Index. After the optimization process, any securities with extremely low weights (less than 1/10th of the minimum weight in the Parent

Index) are eliminated, and their weight is proportionately distributed over the remaining securities in order to determine the final index constituents.

2.6 Treatment of Unrated Companies

Companies not assessed by MSCI ESG Research on data for the following MSCI ESG Research products are not eligible for inclusion in the Indexes.

- MSCI ESG Controversies
- MSCI Climate Change Metrics
- MSCI Business Involvement Screening Research (BISR)

For the treatment of unrated companies in the calculation of Carbon Exposure metrics, please refer to Appendix I.

3. Maintaining the Indexes

3.1 Semi-Annual Index Reviews

The Indexes are reviewed on a semi-annual basis in May and November to coincide with the May and November Index Reviews of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes, and the changes are implemented as of the close of the last business day of May and November. In general, the pro forma Indexes are announced nine business days before the effective date.

At each Index Review, the optimization process outlined in Section 2 is implemented.

In general, MSCI uses MSCI ESG Research data³ (including MSCI Climate Change Metrics, MSCI ESG Controversies and MSCI Business Involvement Screening Research) as of the end of the month preceding the Index Reviews. For some securities, such data may not be published by MSCI ESG Research by the end of the month preceding the Index Review. For such securities, MSCI will use ESG data published after the end of month, when available.

3.2 Ongoing Event-Related Maintenance

The general treatment of corporate events in the Indexes aims to minimize turnover outside of Index Reviews. The methodology aims to appropriately represent an investor's participation in an event based on relevant deal terms and pre-event weighting of the index constituents that are involved. Further, changes in index market capitalization that occur as a result of corporate event implementation will be offset by a corresponding change in the Variable Weighting Factor (VWF) of the constituent.

Additionally, if the frequency of Index Reviews in the Parent Index is greater than the frequency of Index Reviews in the Index, the changes made to the Parent Index during intermediate Index Reviews will be neutralized in the Index.

The following section briefly describes the treatment of common corporate events within the Index.

No new securities will be added (except where noted below) to the Indexes between Index Reviews. Parent Index deletions will be reflected simultaneously.

³ See section 4 for details of data sourced from MSCI ESG Research used in the Indexes.

EVENT TYPE

EVENT DETAILS

New additions to the Parent Index

A new security added to the parent index (such as IPO and other early inclusions) will not be added to the index.

Spin-Offs

All securities created as a result of the spin-off of an existing Index constituent will be added to the Index at the time of event implementation. Reevaluation for continued inclusion in the Index will occur at the subsequent Index Review.

Merger/Acquisition

For Mergers and Acquisitions, the acquirer's post event weight will account for the proportionate amount of shares involved in deal consideration, while cash proceeds will be invested across the Index.

If an existing Index constituent is acquired by a non-Index constituent, the existing constituent will be deleted from the Index and the acquiring non-constituent will not be added to the Index.

Changes in Security Characteristics

A security will continue to be an Index constituent if there are changes in characteristics (country, sector, size segment, etc.) Reevaluation for continued inclusion in the Index will occur at the subsequent Index Review.

Further detail and illustration regarding specific treatment of corporate events relevant to this Index can be found in the MSCI Corporate Events Methodology book under the sections detailing the treatment of events in Capped Weighted and Non-Market Capitalization Weighted indexes.

The MSCI Corporate Events methodology book is available at:
<https://www.msci.com/index-methodology>.

4. MSCI ESG Research

The Indexes are products of MSCI Inc. that utilize information such as company ratings and research produced and provided by MSCI ESG Research LLC (MSCI ESG Research), a subsidiary of MSCI Inc. In particular, the Indexes use the following MSCI ESG Research products: MSCI ESG Controversies, MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research and MSCI Climate Change Metrics. MSCI Indexes are administered by MSCI Limited and MSCI Deutschland GmbH.

4.1 MSCI Climate Change Metrics

MSCI Climate Change Metrics provide climate data & tools to support institutional investors seeking to integrate climate risk & opportunities into their investment strategy and processes. This includes investors seeking to achieve a range of objectives, including measuring and reporting on climate risk exposure, implementing low carbon and fossil fuel-free strategies, alignment with temperature pathways and factoring climate change research into their risk management processes, in particular through climate scenario analysis for both transition and physical risks.

The dataset spans across the four dimensions of a climate strategy: transition risks, green opportunities, physical risks and 1.5° alignment.

For more details on MSCI Climate Change Metrics, please refer to <https://www.msci.com/climate-solutions>.

4.2 MSCI ESG Controversies

MSCI ESG Controversies provide assessments of controversies concerning the potential negative environmental, social, and/or governance impact of company operations, products and services. The evaluation framework used in MSCI ESG Controversies is designed to be consistent with international norms represented by the UN Declaration of Human Rights, the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, and the UN Global Compact. MSCI ESG Controversies Score falls on a 0-10 scale, with “0” being the most severe controversy.

The MSCI ESG Controversies methodology can be found in:
<https://www.msci.com/legal/disclosures/esg-disclosures>.

4.3 MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research

MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research (BISR) aims to enable institutional investors to manage environmental, social and governance (ESG) standards and restrictions reliably and efficiently.

For more details on MSCI ESG Business Involvement Screening Research, please refer to <https://www.msci.com/legal/disclosures/esg-disclosures>.

Appendix I: Calculation of Carbon Exposure Metrics

Index Carbon Emissions

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Intensity

MSCI ESG Research collects company-specific direct (Scope 1) and indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) data from company public documents and/or the Carbon Disclosure Project. If a company does not report GHG emissions, then MSCI ESG Research estimates Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions.

MSCI ESG Research estimates company-specific indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions from the Scope 3 Carbon Emissions Estimation Model. The data is generally updated on an annual basis.

Calculation of GHG Intensity

Carbon emissions of a company are normalized for size by dividing annual carbon emissions by Enterprise Value including Cash (EVIC). The Carbon Emissions Intensity is calculated using the latest Scope 1+2 carbon emissions, Scope 3 carbon emissions and EVIC of a company.

Security Level GHG Intensity (Scope 1+2+3) =

Security Level GHG Intensity (Scope 1+2) + Security Level GHG Intensity (Scope 3)

Security Level GHG Intensity (Scope 1+2) =

$$\frac{(\text{Scope 1} + 2 \text{ Carbon Emissions})}{\text{EVIC (in M\$)}}$$

If Scope 1+2 carbon emissions and/or EVIC are not available, the average Scope 1+2 intensity of all the constituents of the MSCI ACWI in the same GICS Industry Group in which the security belongs is used.

Unadjusted Security Level GHG Intensity (Scope 3) =

$$\frac{(\text{Scope 3 Carbon Emissions})}{\text{EVIC (in M\$)}}$$

If Scope 3 carbon emissions and/or EVIC are not available, the average Scope 3 intensity of all the constituents of the MSCI ACWI in the same GICS Industry Group in which the security belongs is used.

Weighted Average GHG Intensity of Index=

$$\sum_i (\text{Index Weight} * \text{Security Level GHG Intensity})$$

Index Potential Emissions Intensity

MSCI ESG Research collects fossil fuel reserves data where relevant for companies which have reserves, typically in the Oil & Gas, Coal Mining and Electric Utilities industries. Fossil fuel reserves

can be used for several applications including energy or industrial purposes (e.g., coking coal used for steel production). For the construction of the MSCI Global Low Carbon Target Indexes, only fossil fuel reserves used for energy purposes are taken into account.

To convert reserves data to potential carbon emissions, MSCI ESG Research applies a formula from the Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research.⁴

MSCI normalizes for the company's size by dividing the potential carbon emissions of the company by its EVIC.

Security Level Potential Emissions Intensity =

$$\frac{\text{Potential Emissions}}{\text{EVIC (in M\$)}}$$

If potential emissions data is not available, MSCI uses zero fossil fuel reserves.

Weighted Average Potential Emissions Intensity of Index =

$$\sum_i (\text{Index Weight} * \text{Security Level Potential Emissions Intensity})$$

⁴ Malte Meinshausen, Nicolai Meinshausen, William Hare, Sarah C. B. Raper, Katja Frieler, Reto Knutti, David J. Frame & Myles R. Allen. *Greenhouse-gas emission Target for limiting global warming to 2 °C*. **Nature** 458, 1158-1162 (30 April 2009) | doi:10.1038/nature08017; Received 25 September 2008; Accepted 25 March 2009. Supplementary Information, p. 7.

Appendix II: Companies Involved in Controversial Weapons Business

Companies which meet the following Controversial Weapons criteria are excluded from the Index

- **Cluster Bombs**
MSCI ESG Research's cluster bomb research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of cluster bombs and munitions, or the essential components of these products.
- **Landmines**
MSCI ESG Research's landmines research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of anti-personnel landmines, anti-vehicle landmines, or the essential components of these products.
- **Depleted Uranium Weapons**
MSCI ESG Research's depleted uranium weapons research identifies public companies involved in the production of depleted uranium weapons and armor.
- **Chemical and Biological Weapons**
MSCI ESG Research's chemical and biological weapons research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of chemical and biological weapons, or the essential components of these products.
- **Blinding Laser Weapons**
MSCI ESG Research's blinding laser weapons research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of weapons utilizing laser technology to cause permanent blindness.
- **Non-Detectable Fragments**
MSCI ESG Research's non-detectable fragments research identifies public companies that are involved in the production of weapons that use non-detectable fragments to inflict injury.
- **Incendiary Weapons (White Phosphorus)**
MSCI ESG Research's incendiary weapons research identifies companies that are involved in the production of weapons using white phosphorus.

Involvement criteria:

- Producers of the weapons
- Producers of key components of the weapons (only applies to cluster bombs, landmines, depleted uranium weapons as well as chemical and biological weapons)
- Ownership of 20% or more of a weapons or components producer

- The minimum limit is raised to 50% for financial companies having an ownership in a company that manufactures controversial weapons or key components of controversial weapons
- Owned 50% or more by a company involved in weapons or components production

Revenue limits:

Any identifiable revenues, i.e., zero tolerance

The exclusion criteria above are reflective of the MSCI Global ex Controversial Weapons Index Methodology⁵. For details please refer to MSCI Global ex Controversial Weapons Indexes Methodology at <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/XCW>.

⁵ For more information, please refer to the MSCI Global ex Controversial Weapons Index Methodology at www.msci.com/index-methodology.

Appendix III: Barra Equity Model Used in The Optimization

Since inception till the November 2017 Semi-Annual Index Review, the Index had an optimization setup which used the Barra Global Equity Model (GEM3L).

The Index currently use has an optimization setup which uses the MSCI Barra Global Equity Model for Long-Term Investors (GEMTL). The change of optimization setup was completed without any change in the prevailing index methodology.

Appendix IV: New Release of Barra® Equity Model or Barra® Optimizer

A major new release of the relevant Barra Equity Model or Barra Optimizer may replace the former version within a suitable timeframe.

Appendix V: Methodology Transition

The Index transitioned to the enhanced methodology as part of the November 2022 Semi-Annual Index Review (SAIR).

History of Indexes Created After the Transition

For Indexes created after the transition, the enhancements will be implemented in the Index history as per the following schedule

Methodology Enhancement	Reference to Methodology Book Section	Historical Implementation Date
(1) Relaxation mechanism in case of infeasible optimization	Section 2.4	November 2013 SAIR
(2) ESG BISR and Controversies Screens	Section 2.1	November 2013 SAIR
(3) Increase in Sector Limit for Carbon Emissions Exclusions	Section 2.3.1	November 2013 SAIR
(4) Use of EVIC and Weighted Average method to calculate Carbon Exposure Metrics	Appendix I	November 2013 SAIR
(5) Use of "Fossil Fuel Reserves Energy Application" factor to calculate Potential Emissions	Section 2.2.2	May 2020 SAIR
(6) Use of Scope 3 Emissions in defining Carbon Exposure	Section 2.2.1	May 2020 SAIR

Treatment of Certain Custom Indexes

As announced by MSCI on September 15, 2022 to subscribers of relevant custom indexes, the enhancements were not implemented as part of the November 2022 SAIR in certain custom indexes that have been referencing the MSCI Global Low Carbon Leaders Indexes methodology in their specification forms. Therefore, for such custom indexes, the MSCI Global Low Carbon Leaders Indexes methodology will no longer be used as a basis for the weighting and rebalancing of such indexes starting December 1, 2022 and until further notice or otherwise agreed. Subscribers should instead refer to MSCI Global Low Carbon Leaders Core Indexes methodology available at <https://www.msci.com/index-methodology> as a basis for the weighting and rebalancing of such indexes.

Appendix VI: Methodology Set

The Indexes are governed by a set of methodology and policy documents (“Methodology Set”), including the present index methodology document as mentioned below:

- Description of methodology set – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/ReadMe>
- MSCI Corporate Events Methodology – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/CE>
- MSCI Fundamental Data Methodology – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/FundData>
- MSCI Index Calculation Methodology – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/IndexCalc>
- MSCI Index Glossary of Terms – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/IndexGlossary>
- MSCI Index Policies – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/IndexPolicy>
- MSCI Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) Methodology – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/GICS>
- MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes Methodology – <https://www.msci.com/index/methodology/latest/GIMI>
- ESG Factors In Methodology*

The Methodology Set for the Indexes can also be accessed from MSCI’s webpage <https://www.msci.com/index-methodology> in the section ‘Search Methodology by Index Name or Index Code’.

* ‘ESG Factors in Methodology’ contains the list of environmental, social, and governance factors considered, and how they are applied in the methodology (e.g., selection, weighting or exclusion). It can be accessed in the Methodology Set as described above.

Appendix VII: Changes to this Document

The following sections have been modified since the November 2022 Semi-Annual Index Review following the transition to the enhanced methodology

Section 2

- Added the information on ESG Products used in the Index methodology

Section 3.1

- Added the list of ESG exclusions

Section 3.2.1

- Added reference to Scope 3 carbon emissions
- Changed the metric used to normalize carbon emissions

Section 3.2.2

- Changed the metric used to normalize Potential Emissions

The following sections have been modified as of May 2023:

Section 2.1

- Clarified the exclusion criteria for companies involved in ESG Controversies

Section 3.1

- Updated to reflect the transition of the MSCI Global Investable Market Indexes (GIMI) to Quarterly Comprehensive Index Reviews (all references to “Semi-Annual Index Reviews” and “Quarterly Index Reviews” of the MSCI GIMI were replaced with “Index Reviews”).

Section 4: MSCI ESG Research.

- Moved that section after the Section 3.
- Updated the descriptions of MSCI ESG Research products

Appendix 5 Methodology Transition

- Added an appendix on the transition to the new methodology

The following sections have been modified as of January 2024:

Sections 2.2.1 and 2.2.2

- Sections deleted and content moved to Appendix 1

Section 2.6

- New section detailing the treatment of companies with ratings and research not available from MSCI ESG Research

Appendix 1

- The calculation of GHG Intensity was updated to reflect the missing data treatment for Scope 1+2. Scope 3 and EVIC. The calculation of Potential Emissions Intensity was clarified.

Appendix 6

- Added details on the Methodology Set for the Indexes.

The following sections have been modified as of November 2024:

Section 2.6 Treatment of Unrated Companies

- Added the treatment of companies when data for business involvement screening research or climate change metrics research is not available from MSCI ESG Research

Section 4 MSCI ESG Research

- Updated with the latest descriptions and links

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The process for submitting a formal index complaint can be found on the index regulation page of MSCI's website at: <https://www.msci.com/index-regulation>.

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